not vote.

to report on the conditions prevailing as a result of the proximity of saloons.
"I would like to move to amend that motion by including candy and pickles," Mrs. "The vote is on the amendment," the president announced. Mrs. Terrell and Dr. Atwood voted for he "pickle" amendment and Mrs. Mussey, Mrs. Hill and Mr. Cox against it. The other members present, who were Mr. Ever-mann, Mr. Cook and President Baird, did

Mrs. Mussey's original motion was then adopted. To Decide Legal Questions.

Throughout the entire meeting Mr. Mc-Namara occupied a seat at the right of Admiral Baird and several times he was questioned as to legal points by members. The question of how to pay principals of buildings who had supervision of rooms occupied by different classes in the morning and afternoon was discussed. The attor-ney decided that the law did not allow a larger salary as a result of the extra class, so long as the number of rooms was the

Once more the question of how the board should dispense money was mentioned. The superintendent declared that \$48,000 had been spent without his knowledge. Secre-tary Connor stated that he had acted upon the advice of Admiral Baird, and according to the custom in vogue for the past ten years. He asserted that every penny of the money was in use in the schools and ac-counted for on the books of the office. He asked for instructions as to how to pro

ceed in the future.
On motion of Prof. Evermann it was decided that requisitions for supplies should go through the hands of the superintendent and the secretary and should be passed upon by the board, except in emergencies when the president's signature would suf-fice. This rule is to hold until the committee on rules acts. Woman's College Scholarship.

An annual scholarship at the Woman's College, Baltimore, to a high school graduate was accepted. An offer of ground at the rear of the

Phelps School for a playground for the sum of \$20,000 was referred to the building com-It was decided to appoint a special committee, the two truant officers and Secre-tary Weller of the Associated Charities to be the members to which to refer the matter of providing shoes for children in need of them to enable them to attend school. It was voted to allow the usual Thanksgiving collections for the poor in the schools and the distribution of the donations through

ward the salary of Supervisor Curtis of the public playgrounds. It was decided to print at the expense of the board 1,800 copies of the compulsory education law for distribution among teachers and in public places.

Mr. Weller and the Central Union Mission The board declined to pay \$600 a year to

Changes Authorized.

The following changes were made by the board on recommendation of the superin-

Names put upon the list of substitutes for the graded schools: Ethel Marie Flinder, Mildred E. Wilson and Hallie S. English. Names put upon the list of substitutes for the kindergarten department: Ida Willis and Olivia Baker.

Three months' extension of leave of absence from December 1 granted Miss S. H. Gardner to permit her to continue her course of study at Stanford University. Sixth division, to take effect on and after

December 1, 1906: Accept the resignation of H. A. Richmond, a teacher of the second rade; promote G. A. Croxton from the first to the second grade at same salary. (Miss Croxton was appointed in 1904. Her rating is "Good," and Mr. Kramer, the supervising principal, considers her the best in that group. There are no teachers of this group. There are no teachers of this group, in this division, rated "Excellent" who have not been promoted); appoint P. Louise Gove (No. 22, and next on the list of normal graduates) as a teacher of the first grade, at a salary of \$600 per annum; assign to class 2.

Eighth Division.

after November 22, 1906: Accept the resig- occupancy next May, it is expected. With nation of J. E. Graham, a teacher of the \$675 to \$800 per annum, and from class 3 to class 4; promote C. L. Franc from the third to the fourth grade at same salary; promote Blanche Russ from the second to the third grade, from salary of \$600 to \$675 per annum until remedial legislation can be seand from class 2 to class 3; promote F. R. Bailey from the first to the second grade at same salary; appoint Constance Backus (No. 23 and next on the list of nor-mal graduates) as teacher of the first grade at a salary of \$600 per annum; assign to

Kindergarten department, to take effect on and after December 1, 1906: Promote Elizabeth Dickinson from assistant to principal, from class 1 to class 3, and from salary of \$525 to \$625 per annum, until remedial legislation can be secured, and as-sign to the new kindergarten school to be opened at Tenleytown; appoint Miss Stella Holly as assistant and assign to class 1 at a salary of \$525 per annum, until remedial in which was an account of the ceremony legislation can be secured. (Miss Holly of the laying of the corner stone; copies of took the examination in June, 1906, and is next on the eligible list); appoint Miss Cora M. Johnson as assistant at the Tenleytown School, and assign to class 1, at a salary of \$575 per annum until remedial legislation can be secured. (Miss Johnson took the examination in June, 1906, and is next on the eligible list.)

Fourth Division.

Fourth division, to take effect on and after December 1, 1906-Accept the resignation of I. A. Cranford, a teacher of the fourth grade; promote A. S. Hughes from the third to the fourth grade, at same salary. (Miss Hughes is rated "Good," and considered the best teacher in that group); promote J. A. Tennyson from the second to the third grade, from salary of \$600 to \$675 per annum, until remedial legislation can be secured, and from class 2 to class (Miss Tennyson is rated "Excellent," and considered the best in that group); appoint Margaret Short (No. 24, and next on the list of normal gr. .uates) as a teacher of the second grade, at a salary of \$600 per annum.

Third Division.

Third division, to take effect on and after December 1, 1906-Promote Miss S. L. Yoeckel, from the fifth to the sixth grade, at same salary, vice Miss Hattle White, deceased. (Miss Yoeckel is rated "Excellent," and is the senior teacher in that group, in the fifth grade service); promote Miss E. I. Smith from the fourth to the fifth grade, from salary of \$675 to \$800 per annum, and from class 3 to class 4. (Miss Smith is rated "Excellent," and is the senior teacher in that group in the fourth grade service); promote Miss Theresa Herrle, from the third to the fourth grade, at same salary. (Miss Herrie is rated "Ex-cellent," and is the senior teacher in that group in the third grade service); promote Miss M. E. Nitzel, from the second to the hird grade, from salary of \$600 to \$650 per annum, and from class 2 to 3. (Miss Nitzel is rated "Excellent," and is the senior teacher in that group in the second grade service); transfer Miss M. L. Sanderson, from the first to the second grade, at same salary. (Miss Sanderson was ap-pointed in March, 1901. She is only rateu "Good"—not the highest rating in the grade in the third division—but Dr. Kimball thinks the good of the schools will be bet-ter served by this action, as Miss Sanderson has been for several years in the first grade); appoint Miss Elizabeth Dessez (No. 25, and next on the normal list) as a teacher in the first grade, at a salary of \$600 per annum. Assign to class 2.

Attempted to Rob Bank. GREENSBURG, Pa., November 22.-Four men attempted to rob the National Bank of Pleasant Unity, near here, yesterday, but were driven away by a party of miners on their way to work. The burglars cut a hole in the plate-glass window and had good citizenship and willingness to perbored several holes in the steel vault bere they were discovered. The miners illowed the burglars to the borough limits, but were compelled to seek cover from a fusilade of revolver shots,

Impressive Ceremonies at Site of Adath Israel Synagogue.

ADDRESS BY RABBI J. T. LOEB

Commissioner H. B. F. Macfarland Expresses Congratulations.

ADDRESS ALSO BY SIMON WOLF

Ceremonies Conducted by Grand Lodge of Masons-Articles Enclosed

in the Box.

With impressive ceremonies, and in the presence of a large concourse of people, representing many climes and creeds, the laying of the corner stone of the new Adath Israel Lynagogue, 6th and I streets, took place at 3 o'clock this afternoon. On the platform in front of the picturesque edifice were grouped members of the Hebrew and Christian clergy of the District, the officers and members of the Grand Lodge of Masons, District Commissioner H. B. F. Macfarland, and other officials of the local government, officers of the general government, and the building committee and officers of the Adath Israel Syna-

gogue. The day was an ideal one for the interesting exercises, and the scene presented was an inspiring one. The rabbi of the congregation, to whom much credit is due for the consummation of the plans for the building of the temple, Rev. Julius T. Loeb, presided over the ceremonies, and received many hearty congratulations on the prog-



Rabbi Julius T. Loeb.

(Photo by Harris-Ewing.) ress that has been made in the building Eighth division, to take effect on and of the structure, which will be ready for him were Messrs, Simon Oppenhelmer, fifth grade; promote M. L. Leins from the chairman; Isaac Levy, Jacob Small, Julius fourth to the fifth grades, from salary of Baumgarten, F. S. Gichner, H. Blumenthal, G. Oppenheimer, B. Schwartz, J. Hornstein, D. Goldsmith, and J. Shappiro, members of the building committee. The committeemen also received congratulations on the effectiveness of their labors for the new Adath Israel house of worship. Addresses were delivered by Rabbi Loeb, Mr. Simon Wolf, District Commissioner

Macfarland and others. Order of Exercises.

The exercises were opened by the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner." This was followed by a prayer by Rev. Abram Simon of the Washington Hebrew Congre gation, at the conclusion of which the laying of the corner stone was accomplished by the officers of the Grand Lodge of Masons with the solemn rites of that fraternity. The leaden box which was placed in the stone contained copies of The Star of today in which was an account of the ceremony all the Jewish papers published in the United States, copies of Washington daily newspapers, the Constitution of the United States, coins of the year 1906, a list of officers and members of the congregation, Women, a copy of The Evening Star of September 10, 1898, containing an account of the dedication of the 8th street temple of the Washington Hebrew Congregation; all the rest. In our name and our calling

count upon you for fair and equal treat-ment of all men."

The dedicatory address was then deliv-ered by Rabbi Julius T. Loeb, who said:

Babbi Loeb's Address. "Blessed be ye all who came in the

name of the Lord. "With this good old work of Israel's sweet singer I shall greet and welcome you all who are here to participate in the sacred ceremony of the day, and to witness and ar-ment the solemnity of the occasion by your presence. It is a most fortunate cir-cumstance that in this magnificent city, the famous capital of the world's greatest re-



Simon Oppenheimer. President.

(Photo by Clinedinst.)

public, we have been privileged to lay the foundation stone for the erection of a sacred edifice to be devoted to the God of Abraham, the most high God, who is the possessor of heaven and earth,
"How glorious is the day! How inspiring the thoughts and suggestions called forth by the sacred event. What a treasure of lessons is contained in the sermon of the stone—the stone which has played such prominent part in the religious ethics of humanity.

"The stone, we know, has been connected with every manner of worship. It was made an altar to God under various forms and diverse conceptions. It was dedicated to the God of Abraham and the gods of Terah and of Nahor. It was erected as a memorial pillar in the name of every exist-ing creed. It figured in sacred ceremony

of both ancient and modern usage.
"To the Jew and the Gentile, the Christian and the Mussulman, the Buddhist and the Brahman-to all the stone has its peculiar fas ination. And the reason for this general and genuine interest of religious worshipers in the stone is easy to sur-mise. The stone suggests strength and durability. durability. Hence, it is set apart as a connecting link between time and eternity, as a monument to the imperishable, a name and a glory to the mysterious power that is high and exalted above all things tran-

"The stone also serves as a testimony of those who have gone through the process of material dissolution unto their heavenly destination; a sacred memento to those who follow them in the succession of the ages; a remembrance of man's dearest and most precious connections wherewith his destiny is entwined."

Slumberers of the Dust.

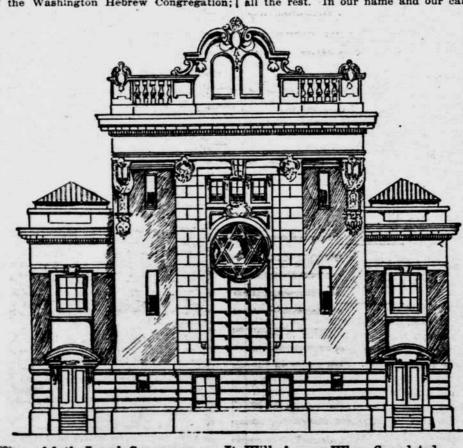
The speaker said that the white slabs visible in the distant fields are the unmistakable signs of the abode of the slumberers of the dust, resting beneath in their eternal repose and that the stone is also peculiarly characteristic of the human organism. Civilized religion was described as that which recognizes the all-prevailing law of

God, under which all are equal before God. and which holds true to the Mosaic prin-"One law and ordinance for both the stranger and the native-born. The stone in architecture was mentioned

as representing religion.
"The pure and simple ideal of an all-ruling Providence will never, never be denied by the best forces of human reasoning," it was added. "While the earth remains, while there is the enigma of the cradle and the grave, the unsolved problem of life and death, and while man will continue to gaze in wonderment at the awful manifestations of nature, inexhaustible and unsearchable, the idea of a God will never vanish from the human mind, and the Hebraic faith will always remain the middle bar that holds together the everlasting ties of man with Heaven. The ideal of Jacob has triumphed and will triumph. The grand doctrine of monotheism is and always will be the key-stone of all religious ethics."

Position of the Jews.

Continuing Rabbi Loeb said: "Our position as Jews is indeed peculiar. White socially and politically we are an integral part of the people in the midst of whom our lot is cast, and, in conjunction with all our fellow-citizens, it is our right and duty to labor for the best interests the yearbook of the Council of Jewish of a common country; in our religious life, however, we cannot intermingle with



Adath Israel Synagogue as It Will Appear When Completed.

copy of the New York Herald of April 15, 1865, giving an account of the assassination of President Abraham Lincoln and of the fall of Richmond and other articles.

Mr. Macfarland's Address. Following the placing of the corner stone Commissioner Macfarland addressed the

large audience. He said: "It is a privilege to bring the congratulations of the Commissioners upon this interesting occasion. They feel that after your years of effort you ought to be congratulated upon this crown of success You represent some of the best of our citizenship. Your people are notable for form all their civic duties and a charitable spirit toward all their fellow-citizens. They have faithfully kept the obligation they took when they first landed in New York under the old Dutch government, to Home Blown Up.

LATROBE, Pa., November 22.—The home of James Menzelle was blown to pieces and a boarder named Almeda Dionesi was injured last night when a keg of giant powder exploded. The boarder went to the cellar to fill a powder flask from a keg and accidentally ignited the powder.

York under the old Dutch government, to take care of their poor, and no one else has had to share that burden with them. In our government, by public opinion, sane and right thinking is absolutely essential, and what you do toward producing such thinking—and it is very much, indeed—is highly appreciated. People who have been themselves the victims of misrepresentation will not wrong others by unfairness, so that the community can

we are taught to be cosmopolitan, to act as the cornerstone of all religious concept; to endure and hide our time; to hope and wait for the realization of Israel's truth, when the Lord shall be One, and His name

"In our peculiar existence as a distinct people among the nations of the earth, we are bidden by divine behest to effect the are bidden by divine behest to effect the gradual moiding together of the minds and consciences of all reasoning beings, and to labor for the degrees on the ladder of human advancement in an onward striving toward the higher end of religious thought and moral conception—a higher end which will redound to the welfare and blessedness of the whole human more. of the whole human race.

To this great end we now cons "Behold the stone. It is full of though and suggestion; it is replete with life; it breathes with divine inspiration. In its mechanical muteness it speaks more elequently than human tongues can do. It re-echoes the peaceful mission of Israel, the oneness of God, and the ideal hope that we of differing views and principles shall one day be made one in a Temple Universal wherein all speak glory.

Dedication of the Stone. "So now, in the name of Israel's God, Who is the Rock and Refuge of all men let us dedicate this stone.

stepping stone to our lofty aspirations, by which we shall direct our hearts heavenward and ascend to the immeasurable heights of nobility, dignity and the perfection of our soul, and thus the stone which the builders despised shall become the cornerstone, the basic principle of human fraternization under the proud and mighty banner of universal liberty and righteousness.

"So now, in the presence of this solemn assembly, and of all the filustrious guests of honor of both Jewish and Christian persuasion, let us now dedicate the stone and the edifice rising thereon to the service of

our common Creator.

"Blessed, thrice blessed, is our lot, that in this land of freedom we may freely unfuri the banner of Judah and sanctify the name of the Lord One amidst the nations of the earth by erecting this altar to His holy name, by setting up this monument to His eternal glory.

"And may the Lord, our God, be with

us to bless us in all our endeavors for good.
May His grace be upon us, and the work of our hands establish upon us; yea, the work of our hands establish Thou it." Concluding Features.

Mr. Simon Wolf delivered an address in which he congratulated the Adath Israel officers on the success that had attended their efforts in the building of the temple. The closing benediction was by Rev. Louis Stern of the Washington Hebrew Congregation, and the audience joined in singing "America.

Letters of regret were read from Presi dent Roosevelt, Secretary of the Navy Bonaparte and others. The platform was pandsomely decorated with the national colors, and the program was interspi with musical selections.

MOTLEY CROWD AT TRIAL OF CARUSO

Extra Police Cordon Necessary to Keep Mob at Bay.

GREAT MANY WOMEN THERE

Tenor Has Found Witness Who Will Contradict Cain's Evidence.

WAS IN THE MONKEY HOUSE

Witness Will Testify That the Prisoner's Conduct Was That of

a Gentleman.

Special Dispatch to The Star.

NEW YORK, November 22 .- The hearing in the case of Enrico Caruso, tenor of the Metropolitan Opera House, who was accused of having acted improperly toward women in the monkey house in Central Park last Friday, was continued to day before Magistrate Baker in the Yorkville police court. It was the purpose of the defense to take up the line of testimony where Caruso left off yesterday when he was on the stand, and new witnesses were 5.11. on hand prepared, it was said, to bear out his denial of the charges made against him. Throughout the forenoon Caruso's law

yers were busy preparing their defense, and there were reports, that at least three witnesses would be enor to disprove the story told on the stand yesterday by Policeman Cane, who arrested him. It is said that these new witnesses were not known to the police and that their testimony would be a complete surprise to Caruso's accusers. One of the witnesses, 115; Cederstrome, 115; Agile, 115; Pioneer, 112; Dekaber, 112; Broadway Girl, 112; Bowhose name was given out as Adolph Danseiger and was said to be a well-to-do business man, called at the office of former Judge Dittenhoefer, Caruso's senior counsel, at 10:30 o'clock this morning. He was in conference with Mr. Dittenhoefer for more conference with Mr. Dittenho conference with Mr. Dittenhoefer for more than an hour.

After he left the lawyer's office, and before he was cautioned by the counsel for the tenor to say nothing, Mr. Danzeiger, who is a middle-aged and prosperous-looking man, said:

"I was in the monkey house last Friday afternoon. I saw Caruso there, and noticed him particularly because of the manner of his dress and of his foreign appearance. His conduct was always that of a gentleman, and I saw him annoy no woman. I have come forward now because I think that a wrong has been done to him."

Wanted Four Subpoenas. Frederick Sperling of counsel for Caruso was at the Yorkville police court this morning and asked Magistrate Baker for four subpoenas for witnesses who would be wanted at the afternoon session. Mr. Sperling received the subpoenas and he said on leaving the court that the witnesses who would be called in Caruso's behalf would totally contradict Policeman Cain's story as to what went on in the monkey house. Mr. Sperling denied that lawyers for the defense knew anything about the whereabouts of "Mrs. Hannah Graham," who made the complaint against Caruso. He said that they would like to find her and that they had two detectives looking for her Friday evening without avail.

Cordon of Police.

Mindful of the crush of yesterday, when the great jam in the court room seriously interfered with the proceedings before the magistrate, Police Inspector Sweeney had twenty-five men detailed today in and around the court house on East 57th street to maintain order. Long before the court opened for the afternoon session a crowd that resembled the mob of yesterday began

to gather. In it was the usual percentage of women and it was noted that a good many of them carried flowers, violets predominating. All made efforts to be allowed inside the court room, but most of them were turned away. An exception was made in the case of four women, who drove up in smart-looking enter after a confab with the policeman, and took front seats in the court room.

The crowd that kept back in the street was the same motley gathering that was seen there yesterday. It looked as if all the Italian barber shop and bootblack charging the company with rebating in the the policemen, their eyes being bent on Lexexpected that the tenor would appear.

Caruso Arrives. Caruso drove up to the court room in an electric cab shortly before 2 o'clock, accompanied by Director Conried of the Met-ropolitan Opera House, and a big police squad made an open way through the crowd from the curb to the stone steps leading up to the building. Caruso stepped jauntily from the cab, his black mustache jauntily from the cas, his black mustache twisted into an even sharper point. He wore the inevitable tall hat and flowing coat and carried his cane, which he rested against his shoulder.

morial pillar shall be a house of God, a broke from restraint and surged around broke from restraint and surged around him. Some of the mob cheered and there was an absence of hisses and cries of "monkey house" such as greeted him yesterday. The tenor finally reached the stone stairway, where he was met by Count Saconni, Mr. Simonelli and Richard Barthelmy, his instructor. Caruso's personal interpreter was also there prepared to see that the court interpreter did his work properly. Owing to the police precautions there were some breathing spaces in the court room while those who were interested in the case

waited for it to be called. Before the case was called Magistrate Baker disposed of some ordinary police court cases. All through it Caruso sat in the inclosure where prisoners usually stand with his counsel, former Judge Dittenhoefer. Judge Dittenhoefer announced that if the case went against his client he would take an appeal.

Shortly before the hearing started a per-

Shortly before the hearing started a person who gave his name as Sigmund Dornbush and occupation as a music composer of 175 East 70th street went among the crowded spectators passing the hat for the purpose of raising money to buy flowers for "his dear Caruso." Mr. Dornbush, who said that he loved Caruso and thought that he had been most shamefully treated, started the subscription with the sum of \$3. "The poor man he is so pitiable," said Mr. Dornbush as he solicited. "The flow-"The poor man he is so pittable," said Mr. Dornbush, as he solicited. "The flowers, they will comfort his heart. Let us give lim a big bouquet."
Riccardo Barthelmy, Caruso's tutor, acted

as treasurer of the Caruso flower fund. Pennies and larger coins were still jingling in Mr. Dornbush's hat when court opened.

BOOKS WERE KEPT BUSY

NEARLY FIFTY LAYERS OF ODDS AT THE BENNING TRACK.

Although there was no stake event down for decision this afternoon at the Benning race track, the pleasant weather and a good card drew out another large attendance. Large fields for each event were the rule of the afternoon, and once more the handicapper had done his work so well that few of the runners stood out as the best. The sun of yesterday afternoon and this morning, combined with the stiff breeze last night, dried out the track considerably, and the going this afternoon was much improved, although not yet first-class. Superintendent Strahan had the harrows out all morning turning over the mud, and another day of sunshine will see the track in first-class condition,

Nearly fifty bookmakers were scattered over the betting ring under the grandstand and on the lawn, and each man had about all the business he could handle,

Today's Results.

The first race, for maiden two-year-olds, seven furlongs, was won by Sandy Creeker (Schilling), 12 and 5; Rappahannock (Miller), 6 to 5 and 1 to 3, second; Old Colony (Dickson), 20 and 8, third. Cabochon, Pierrot, Tuckermuck, Sheridan, Light Comedy, Dissent, June Time, Village King, Ballad, Sophie Carter, Maxwell, Grace Cameron, Rye Boy, Knockirby and El Tovar also ran. The start was good. Cabochon led to the turn, when Old Colony, Rappahannock and Sandy Creeker went to the front for a fine

battle to the wire, the last named getting the decision by a short head.

The second race, handicap steeplechase for four-year-olds and over, about two and one-half miles, was won by Sandalwood (Heider), 1 and 2 to 5; Frank Somers (Rogan), 3½ and even, second; Caloorahatchee (Bowser), 15 and 6, third. Seventh Ward and Punctual also ran. My Grace, Berry Waddell and Kirklevington fell.

Sandalwood acted as pacemaker all the way and won handily by two lengths. Time,

Entries for Tomorrow. The following are the entries for tomor

First race, handicap, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs, Columbia course—Pretension, 132; Dolly Spanker, 128; Pater, 118; Belle Strome, 115; Zienap, 112; Oraculum, 112; Jupiter, 110; Lord Boanerges, 107; Rose of Dawn, 104; Ala Russell, 98; Peter Knight, 94; Listless, 93; Lucy Marie, 90; Laura A 88. Laura A., 88.

Second race, all ages, one mile, Columbia course—Lord of the Vale, 115; Red Knight, hemia, 112; Homelander, 110; Midas, 110; Snow Ball, 107; Kiamesha II, 107; Hera, 107; Diebold, 90; Ted, 90; Sally K. Third race, four-year-olds and up, one

Fourth race, three-year-olds and up, one mile and seventy yards, Columbia course-Leonard Joe Hayman, 115; Cressina, 115; G. L. M., 111; Saylor, 108. Fifth race, handleap, two-year-olds, six furlongs, Columbia course—Yorkist, 120;

Landsman, 115; Adelinette, 114; Lee Harrison II, 110; Cambysses, 109; ady Vincent, 108; Crafty, 105; Umbrella, 98; My Son, 98; Bright Boy, 94; Bettle Landon, 92; Willdo, Sixth race, selling, two-year-olds and up Sixth race, selling, two-year-olds and up, seven furlongs, Columbia course—Scarfell, 110; Tanager, 89; Delphie, 107; Akbar, 102; Ladsarion, 102; Judge White, 99; Ocean Spray, 99; Snowball, 99; Brittanby, 92; Cambysses, 92; *Gentlan, 107; *Nonsense, 107; *Echodale, 105; *Andrew Mack, 105; *Chalfonte, 97; Killochan, 87; *Betsy Binford, 84; *Nioless, 84; *Wabash Queen, 84.

POISONED AT WEDDING

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

ONE MAN DEAD AND SIXTY

DANGEROUSLY ILL.

Special Dispatch to The Star. SPRINGFIELD, Mass., November 22 .-One man is dead and sixty other persons have been dangerously ill from poisoning following a wedding at which corned beef and tongue were among the articles served. The wedding was that of Miss Anna Florence Slavin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Slavin of 38 Wight place, to Samuel B. Brosslin, a Worthington street shoe dealer. It took place in Highland Hall Tuesday

night, and the food for the banquet which followed the ceremony was supplied by the bride's father, who is a butcher. Max Odens of 107 Sharon street, an uncle of the bride, died yesterday, and those who are ill include most of the guests who were present. Nearly all those on the sick list were thought to be on the road to recovery. The police have begun an investigation.

HEAVY REBATE FINE New York Central Road Must Pay the Penalty

NEW YORK, November 22.-Judge Holt of the United States circuit court today cabs at 1 o'clock. They were permitted to fined the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company \$18,000 for rebating freight charges to the American Sugar Refining Company. The fine was the result of an indictment

stands in the town had been deserted for sum of \$26,000 to the American Sugar Rethe time. They were kept moving along by fining Company, on which charge the defendant company had been found guilty. ington avenue, from which quarter it was | Sentence in the case of the American Sugar Refining Company, convicted of receiving the rebates, was deferred until next Tuesday on request of counsel for the com-

> There were two counts in the indictm against the New York Central, and a fine of \$108,000 already had been imposed on the first count. In passing sentence Judge Holt denied that contention of counsel that a corporation cannot be fined. He declared that under the provisions of the Elkins act a corporation is responsible for the acts of its agents.

The Catholic Church in France under the new separation law is apt to lose \$2,000,000 cance for him. I did so."

AND CAUSES PANIC

Six Blazes Lit on the Crowded West Side.

WORKS IN THE DARKNESS

Gas Cut Off Adds to the Terror of Victims.

CORDON OF POLICE ELUDED Little Doubt Felt That a Pyro-Maniac

is at the Bottom of the Trouble-Firemen Hard Worked.

Special Dispatch to The Star. NEW YORK, November 22.-The new and mysterious terror which the police have to combat, "the man with a torch," who plies his business while others sleep,

was abroad again this morning while the fog hung over the city. He set six fires on the West Side within close proximity to each other. Three of them were in 17th street, one in 18th, one in 21st and one in 23d.

The incendiary, in the time that he worked his mischief, endangered the Lyes of over a hundred families and 500 persons, frightened the wits out of the tenants of the six houses and went about it with consummate coolness and with apparently no regard for property or for .. uman life. In one place he turned off the gas, as in the case of one of the five incendiary fires set on the upper West Side a fort night ago, when the maniac who seems to delight in seeing the engines turn out first began his rounds. Since then there have

and the balance of which were set down as "queer" and possibly the result of a ...e-The man with the torch displayed his cunning and his nerve this morning by demonstrating that it was possible for him to worm his way through a hollow square of policemen, sixty in number, thrown around the region where the first fires were set, and yet kindle other fires, although every bluecoat and every fireman had eyes peeled for him. The firebug got away after winding up his work with a grand climax, in which he caused damage amounting to \$15,000.

been a score of fires, many of which showed undoubted evidence of incendiarism

Fired a Tenement.

The police and the firemen were both on of their houses or plucking animated bunches of humanity off front and rear fire escapes. If it had not been for their promptness and bravery loss of life might have been added to the horrors of the morning. The first blaze was discovered at 3:20 a.m. in the five-story tenement at 355 West 17th street. A cordon of police reserves was thrown about the building, while the firemen got the tenants out.

Several inmates were overcome, but taker

out in time Just as the excitement was on the want at 335 West 17th street a citizen approached a fireman and shouted that there was another fire in the basement of 330 West 17th street, diagonally across the street. The tenants of this house, most of whom were at the windows watching the fire across the then go over to the corner where some men to rush pell-mell to the street. While the firemen were struggling with the fire at 330 West 17th street word was

cendiary's torch. The entire hall was soon ablaze. Cut Off the Gas.

By his work in cutting off the gas supply the fire fiend had devised the best possible means of creating a panic. From out their smoked-choked rooms the tenants, in a frenzy of fear, clambered onto the fire escapes at both front and rear of the house The hallways were filled with the smoke, and the situation had become desperate. Mrs. Catherine Arnold, who lived on the second floor rear, was injured on the fire escape. She was taken to the New York

hought she may die. The firemen were getting control of this fire in 18th street when word was brought to them that there was a fire in the fivestory tenement with twenty families at 371

West 21st street. Just as this fire was extinguished the most disastrous fire of the entire lot broke out at 339 West 23d street. This is a five-story apartment house of ten apartments, occupied for the most part by newspaper men, artists, and actors. The entire place was gutted. The last fire was in 324 West 17th street, in the basement. Ten families got out of the house in short order. The blaze was put out without much damage.

PRESIDENT CANNOT ATTEND. Many Officials Will View the Army-Navy Game.

There is every indication of a very large attendance of administration officials, including officers of the army, navy and Marine Corps, and the ladies of their families at the West Point-Annapolis foot ball game on Franklin Field, Philadelphia, Saturday, December 1. For the first time in many years, however, neither the President nor the heads of the War and Navy Department will be present at the annual contest. Pressure of official business of an important character, incident to the early assembling of Congress, is given as the reason for their inability to leave Wash-

ington at that time.

The two military departments will be represented at the game, however, by Assistant Secretary Oliver of the War Department and Assistant Secretary Newberry of the Navy Department, each of whom will be accompanied by a party of personal friends. They have chartered a special car for the trip to Philadelphia and re-

There is the usual heavy demand for tickets to the game, and the crowd in at-tendance will undoubtedly be fully up to the standard of previous years.

GILLETTE IS NO MOVED WHEN HE HEARS OF CRIME

(Continued from First Page.) opened he did not notice what it con-

Wanted a Canoe.

Leroy Rogers, keeper of boats at Inlet, testified that he had seen Chester Gillette on the morning of July 12.

"He wanted a canoe," Rogers testified, and asked me how to get to Seventh lake. told him there was a carry and that the canoe was not a carrying canoe, but I had a guide boat with a yoke to carry and I said that I would put the yoke on the

Rear mountain. Frank Williams proprietor of the Seventh Lake Hotel, the next witness, identified a sheet of his register on which the defendant had written "Chester Gillette, Cortland, N.

ness some pictures which he identified as

photographs of Seventh lake and Black

"Did you see him write it?"

"I did. He came to the hotel at about 12 o'clock. He said he would take a trip around the lake and come back to dinner at 1 o'clock. He came back and got dinner and then asked the way to Black Bear mountain. I went to the dock to show him the way. He had a canoe marked Camp Mayodack."

"About 4 o'clock he came back and said he had been to Black Bear mountain and got some good pictures. He asked about some young ladies who he said were staying at the lake. I asked him their names and he didn't seem to know. Then I asked him where they were staying and he did not know that. I directed him to a public boarding house."

The witness also identified the pictures taken from Black Bear mountain. It is apparent these were the pictures found in Chester Gillette's camera and afterward veloped by the state,

Nan Osborne, a pretty girl of seventeen. was called to the stand. She had been in Black Bear mountain July 12 with some other girls and boys and coming down had

Minnie McDuffie, a guest at the Arrow Head Hotel, told of talking with him at! supper and he told her about his trip to the Black Bear, where he lived, and where his family lived. He did not, however, make any other disclosures as to what happened on July 11.

The next day, according to the witness, Gillette started off for Black Bear mountain again, this time with a party consisting of the Rev. Mr. Dean, his son and daughter, and the Rev. Mr. Frost. That evening the party sat on the hotel piazza and sang. Gillette did not sing. He had already said, according to the witness, that he did not sing or play.

With Another Girl.

Gertrude Dean was called to the stand. Her father had died since he went to Black Bear mountain with Gillette and her brother, who is ill in bed. She said that Gil-

Mr. Gillette's going, and as my mother did not I did not. He came along. He had a camera and Mr. Frost also carried one." Pictures were shown the witness which she identified. At the place where the party ate lunch Gillette and Robert Dean carved the initials of the party and the date of the trip on a rock.

A Minister's Testimony.

The Rev. Cuthbert Frost of Lowville corroborated Miss Dean's testimony. He also the jump all the time, pulling tenants out | testified that Gillette told of h.s former ex-

> parents lived in Denver and that he had lived there himself. He had crossed the desert, he said, and had been a brakeman. He had been in Oberlin Coollege and was then connected with the Gillette Sairt Fac-

the lake with a young woman whom I did not know. We sang on the porch that "Before I went upstairs to bed that night I saw Gillette get a drink of water and

"Did he say anything?" "Yes: I heard him ask them if they had heard of the tragedy at Big Moose-of the

drowning." This evidence caused a big stir in court. This was a piece of evidence that no one had in the least expected and was one of the strongest points which the prosecution

dence preceding it. Did Not Want to "Butt In." Edward G. Whitford, a teacher in the College of the City of New York, who had been at Seventh lake on July 12, was the next witness. Mr. Whitford said he had been on a steamer in the lake and had seen

make himself a yoke of sticks and carried the cance between Sixth and Fifth lakes "On Friday evening," Mr. Whitford con-

mountain the day before, and I said I was surprised that he did not meet the girls there, as they were up Great Bear Mountain on the same day. I told him that

I won't butt in." Josephine Patrick was recalled to the stand

"Where were you on Friday, July 13?" she was asked. "At Calavesta Lodge until evening, when I went to Inlet with Miss Westcott and Mr. Wilcox. We went into the store to buy some postal cards and Mr. Gillette was there. I said 'Hello, Chester' or some-

thing like that." "Did you ask him why he did not come to the place where you lived?"

"I think I did and he answered that he had forgotten the name of the camp. He said he was on the lake Thursday and thought he had seen us, but we were with a large party and he did not want to speak

"What else?" "He said he expected to go home on Monday."

"Anything else?" "Mr. Wilcox asked him to come and visit as at Calavesta Lodge on Saturday." "Did you ask him where he had been be-

The question was objected to and ruled

memory?"

paragraphs.
"Did he say he had been at Racque

trict attorney had to give up trying to get the testimony which he was apparently

RICHMOND, Va., November 22.-In the Virginia supreme court of appeals this morning Judge Cardwell handed down a decision affirming the decision of the state corporation commission declaring the 2cent passenger rate act passed by the Virginia legislature, contrary to the fourteenth amendment of the Constitution of the

United States. The case was a test one involving the requirement that the railroads

met Gillette taking pictures.

lette joined their party just as it was about to start. "My brother asked me if I objected to

periences. "He told us," said the witness, "that his

"After supper that night" the witness continued, "I saw Gillette go by toward

were playing cards.

had scored in connection with the other evi-

Gillette coming from Sixth to Seventh lake in a canoe. Later in the day he saw him

tinued. "I was in the post office at Inlet. Gillette came in. Gillette asked me about people on the lake. He asked me if I knew Josephine Patrick, and when I answered yes, he asked me if it was at Calavesta Lodge that they were stopping. "He told me he had been up Black Bear

they were going to Limekiln lake the next day. He said, 'If their plans are made

to us." Home on Monday.

fore Thursday?"

"I think I did, but I don't remember whether he answered me or not." "Think hard." "I can't remember." "Have you had a sudden lapse of

The district attorney took out a bunch of typewritten notes and showed them to the judge, running his finger over certain

Lake?" he continued.
"I can't remember."

The girl, who is young and good looking, was plainly rattled by the prosecutor's questions, but could not remember what answer the defendant made, and the district attorney had to give up trying to get

AGAINST TWO-CENT FARES. Decision of the Supreme Court in Virginia.